SAULT COLLEGE OF APPLIED ARTS AND TECHNOLOGY

SAULT STE. MARIE, ONTARIO



COURSE OUTLINE

COURSE TITLE: Principles of Ethical Reasoning

CODE NO.: PFP106 SEMESTER: 4

PROGRAM: Law and Security Administration, Police Foundations

AUTHOR: Frank Caputo

DATE: Jan. 2008 PREVIOUS OUTLINE DATED: Jan. 2007

APPROVED:

DATE

CHAIR, COMMUNITY SERVICES

TOTAL CREDITS: 3

PREREQUISITE(S): None

HOURS/WEEK: 3

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I. COURSE DESCRIPTION:

This course focuses on ethical issues faced by individuals as citizens and professionals. It helps students to clarify their values and establish a framework for ethical decision making. Ethical issues which relate to a wide variety of concerns are examined. Students will examine a variety of professional ethical codes and apply ethical decision making models to dilemmas in their personal and professional lives.

II. LEARNING OUTCOMES AND ELEMENTS OF THE PERFORMANCE:

Relationship To Program Learning Outcomes

Police Foundations Vocational Outcomes	Generic Skills
act in a manner consistent with all relevant law and legislation, and professional, organizational, and ethical standards.	evaluate her or his own thinking throughout the steps and processes used in problem solving and decision making.
communicate accurately, persuasively, and credibly to develop effective working relationships with individuals, groups, and multi-disciplinary teams in order to achieve goals.	take responsibility for her or his own actions and decisions.
make sound decisions based on an evaluation of situations.	 adapt to new situations and demands by applying and/or updating her or his knowledge and skills.

Course Learning Outcomes

Students who receive credit for this course will have demonstrated their ability to:

- 1 Define and describe aspects of critical thinking and fundamental ethical concepts.
 - 1.1 identify key aspects of critical thinking
 - 1.2 recognize certain common errors in reasoning
 - 1.3 distinguish between ethics, morality and related concepts
 - 1.4 identify basic moral principles
 - 1.5 examine basic issues in ethics
- 2 Describe and contrast the major approaches to ethical decision-making
 - 2.1 explain the consequentialist approach
 - 2.2 explain the non-consequentialist approach
 - 2.3 compare and contrast the two approaches
- 3 Describe an ethical decision-making model and apply it to an ethical problem
 - 3.1 identify various decision-making models
 - 3.2 use one of the models to decide on a moral dilemma

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- Examine and critically analyze a variety of professional codes of ethics
 - 4.1 identify the basic moral principles inherent in professional codes
 - 4.2 compare and contrast a number of professional codes
 - 4.3 critically evaluate the police codes of ethics in light of the police subculture
- 5 Critically analyze and discuss a number of contemporary ethical issues in Canadian society.

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- 5.1 identify arguments for and against particular ethical issues
- 5.2 evaluate the various arguments
- 5.3 take a position and defend it using established ethical principles

Course Learning Outcome

1. Define and describe aspects of critical thinking and fundamental ethical concepts.

	Critical Knowledge and Skills	Suggested Resources	Suggested Learning Activities
•	differentiate between statements of fact, and expressions of emotion and rules of conduct truth and falsity as properties of statements knowledge and opinion inductive and deductive reasoning the process of rational argument the concept of rational principles common errors such as circular argument, hasty generalization, attacking the person, appeal to authority, appeal to popular opinion, appeal to pity and appeal to force definition of ethics and morality definition of moral, immoral, amoral and nonmoral distinguish morality from aesthetics, etiquette, religion, and the law basic moral principles of life, goodness, justice, truth and freedom freedom versus determinism moral absolutism versus moral relativism morality as objective, morality as subjective prescriptive, descriptive and analytic ethics values, value clarification and influence of one's value system on moral/ethical dilemmas	Principles: Short Essays on Ethics Thomas Hurka, Harcourt Brace Character and Cops: Ethics in Policing Edward Delattre	

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2. Describe and contrast the major approaches to ethical decision-making

Critical Knowledge and Skills	Suggested Resources	Suggested Learning Activities
 schools of ethics ethical egoism utilitarianism intuitionism divine command approach duty ethics 		

3. Describe an ethical decision-making model and apply it to an ethical problem

Critical Knowledge and Skills	Suggested Resources	Suggested Learning Activities
 basic moral principles: life, goodness, justice, truth, freedom and their justification moral principles and the specific context in which moral decisions are made moral decision-making models eg: ACT Models 		

4. Examine and critically analyse a variety of professional codes of ethics

Critical Knowledge and Skills	Suggested Resources	Suggested Learning Activities
 Police Codes of Ethics Nursing Codes of Ethics other professional codes elements of the police subculture 		

5. Critically analyze and discuss a number of contemporary ethical issues in Canadian society.

Critical Knowledge and Skills	Suggested Resources	Suggested Learning Activities
 abortion euthanasia capital punishment war defence of the innocent human sexuality pornography, prostitution police use of force prejudice/discrimination 		

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How learners might demonstrate their learning achievement of course learning outcomes:

- group work
- individual assignments
- tests/essays
- presentations of topics relating to contemporary ethical issues

Suggested Prior Learning Assessment Process:

Portfolio review and examination

III. REQUIRED RESOURCES/TEXTS/MATERIALS:

Ethical Reasoning in Policing by Prof. David Evans Emond Montgomery Publications

IV. EVALUATION PROCESS/GRADING SYSTEM:

Mid-term Exam	50%
Final Exam	50%
Total	100%

The following semester grades will be assigned to students in post-secondary courses:

<u>Grade</u>	Definition	Grade Point Equivalent
A+ A	90 - 100% 80 - 89%	4.00
B C	70 - 79%	3.00
D	60 - 69% 50 - 59%	2.00 1.00
F (Fail)	49% and below	0.00
CR (Credit)	Credit for diploma requirements has been awarded.	
S	Satisfactory achievement in field /clinical placement or non-graded subject area.	
U	Unsatisfactory achievement in field/clinical	
X	placement or non-graded subject area. A temporary grade limited to situations with extenuating circumstances giving a student additional time to complete the requirements for a course.	
NR W	Grade not reported to Registrar's office. Student has withdrawn from the course without academic penalty.	

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Note: For such reasons as program certification or program articulation, certain courses require minimums of greater than 50% and/or have mandatory components to achieve a passing grade.

Students enrolled in Police Foundations or Law and Security Administration will require a minimum of 60% (C) as a passing grade in each course.

It is also important to note, that the minimum overall GPA required in order to graduate from a Sault College program remains 2.0.

V. SPECIAL NOTES:

Special Needs:

If you are a student with special needs (e.g. physical limitations, visual impairments, hearing impairments, or learning disabilities), you are encouraged to discuss required accommodations with your professor and/or the Special Needs office. Visit Room E1101 or call Extension 2703 so that support services can be arranged for you.

Retention of Course Outlines:

It is the responsibility of the student to retain all course outlines for possible future use in acquiring advanced standing at other post-secondary institutions.

Plagiarism:

Students should refer to the definition of "academic dishonesty" in *Student Code of Conduct*. Students who engage in "academic dishonesty" will receive an automatic failure for that submission and/or such other penalty, up to and including expulsion from the course/program, as may be decided by the professor/dean. In order to protect students from inadvertent plagiarism, to protect the copyright of the material referenced, and to credit the author of the material, it is the policy of the department to employ a documentation format for referencing source material.

Course Outline Amendments:

The professor reserves the right to change the information contained in this course outline depending on the needs of the learner and the availability of resources.

Substitute course information is available in the Registrar's office.

"Communication: The College considers **WebCT/LMS** as the primary channel of communication for each course. Regularly checking this software platform is critical as it will keep you directly connected with faculty and current course information. Success in this course may be directly related to your willingness to take advantage of the **Learning Management System** communication tool."

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VI. PRIOR LEARNING ASSESSMENT:

Students who wish to apply for advanced credit in the course should consult the professor. Credit for prior learning will be given upon successful completion of a challenge exam or portfolio.

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VII. DIRECT CREDIT TRANSFERS:

Students who wish to apply for direct credit transfer (advanced standing) should obtain a direct credit transfer form from the Chair's secretary. Students will be required to provide a transcript and course outline related to the course in question.